

Typical Features

- ◆ Wide input voltage range (2:1),Output Power 3W
- ◆ Transfer Efficiency up to 86%
- ◆ With remote shutdown function
- ◆ Continuous Short Circuit protection, Self-recovery
- ◆ No overshoot when switching on and off
- ◆ Isolation Voltage 3000 VDC
- ◆ Operating Temperature: -40°C~+85°C
- ◆ Plastic case, meets UL94-V0 requirements





Test conditions: Unless otherwise specified, all parameters are tested at nominal input voltage, pure resistive rated load and 25°C room temperature.

Application Field

Widely used in instrumentation, communications, pure digital circuits, general low-frequency analog circuits, relay drive circuits, data exchange circuits and other fields.

Typical Product List										
Part no.	Input Voltage Range (VDC)		Output Voltage/Current (Vo/lo)		Input Current (mA) (Nominal Voltage)		Max. Capacitive Load	Ripple & Noise Max	Efficiency (%)output full load, I/P nominal voltage	
	Nominal	Range	Voltage (VDC)	Current (mA) Max/Min	Full load typ.	No Load typ.	uF	mVp-p	Min.	Тур.
CFK3-05S3V3E3			3.3	758	735	53	2200	100	66	68
CFK3-05S05E3			5	600	801	38	2200	100	73	75
CFK3-05S09E3	5	4.5 - 9	9	333	769	54	1000	100	72	74
CFK3-05S12E3			12	250	763	39	1000	100	77	79
CFK3-05S15E3			15	200	829	50	680	100	74	76
CFK3-05S24E3			24	125	769	67	330	100	74	76
CFK3-12S3V3E3			3.3	758	275	15	2200	100	70	72
CFK3-12S05E3		9 - 18	5	600	316	6	2200	100	77	79
CFK3-12S12E3	12		12	250	306	18	1000	100	80	82
CFK3-12S15E3			15	200	314	25	680	100	80	82
CFK3-12S24E3			24	125	313	29	330	100	79	81
CFK3-24S3V3E3	24	24 18 - 36	3.3	758	140	12	2200	100	72	74
CFK3-24S05E3			5	600	157	6	2200	100	76	78
CFK3-24S12E3				12	250	152	4	1000	100	81
CFK3-24S15E3			15	200	148	5	680	100	84	86



CFK3-24S24E3			24	125	146	11	470	100	84	86	
CFK3-48S05E3			5	600	77	2	2200	100	80	82	
CFK3-48S12E3	48	36 - 75	12	250	74	1	1000	100	84	86	
CFK3-48S15E3			15	200	78	6	470	100	82	84	
CFK3-48S24E3			24	125	74	6	470	100	84	86	
CFK3-05D05E3			±5	±300	811	47	1000	100	72	74	
CFK3-05D12E3	5	4.5 - 9	±12	±125	807	41	680	150	72	74	
CFK3-05D15E3			±15	±100	876	51	470	100	70	72	
CFK3-05D17E3			±17	±88	748	72	330	100	73	75	
CFK3-12D05E3	12			±5	±300	316	7	2200	100	77	79
CFK3-12D12E3		9 - 18	±12	±125	302	17	1000	100	81	83	
CFK3-12D15E3			±15	±100	313	22	330	100	78	80	
CFK3-24D05E3			±5	±300	156	10	2200	100	78	80	
CFK3-24D12E3	24	24 18 - 36	±12	±125	141	10	680	100	83	85	
CFK3-24D15E3			±15	±100	144	10	470	100	84	86	
* CFK3-48D05E3			±5	±300	82	4.5	1000	100	77	79	
* CFK3-48D12E3	48	48 36 - 75	±12	±125	78	5	470	100	80	82	
* CFK3-48D15E3	1		±15	±100	78	6	330	100	80	82	

^{1. &}quot;*" indicates a model under development;

^{3.} The capacitive load of the positive and negative outputs is the same.

Input Specification							
Item	Working Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Maximum input surge voltage (1 second)	4.5-9V Input	-0.7	-	16	VDC		
	9-18V Input	-0.7	-	25			
	18-36V Input	-0.7	-	50			
	36-75V Input	-0.7	-	100			
	4.5-9V Input	3.5	4	4.5	VDC		
Chart up valtage	9-18V Input	4.5	8	9			
Start-up voltage	18-36V Input	18-36V Input 11 16		18	VDC		
	36-75V Input	24	33	36			
Standby power	0.5W (Max.)						
Input Filter	capacitor filter						

sales@contra-solution.de

^{2.} In order to ensure that the module can work efficiently and reliably, its minimum output load cannot be less than 10% of the rated load when in use. If the power you need is indeed small, please connect a resistor in parallel at the output end. The recommended resistance value is equivalent to 10% of the rated power.



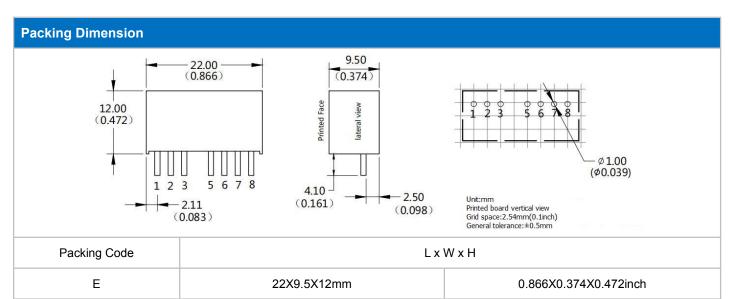
Output Specification						
Positive output voltage accuracy Accuracy		+Vo	≤±2.0%			
Negative output voltage accuracy	Full voltage full load	-Vo	≤±3.0%			
No-load output voltage accuracy		Vo	Main Road: $\leq \pm 3.0\%$ Auxiliary Road: $\leq \pm 5.0\%$			
Voltage Regulation	Nominal load, full voltage range	Nominal load, full voltage range Vo				
Load regulation	10% ~ 100% nominal load	Main Road: $\leq \pm 0.5\%$ Auxiliary Road: $\leq \pm 3\%$				
Cross regulation	Dual output, main output 50% load, auxiliary output 10% ~ 100% load	≤±5.0%				
Ripple & Noise*	Nominal load, nominal voltage		≤100mVp-p (20MHz Bandwidth)			
Temperature drift coefficient	100% full load		±0.03%/°C			
Dynamic Response	25% of nominal load step	≤±5.0%/0.5ms(Typ.)				
Output short circuit protection	Continuous, self-recovery					

Note: 1. Dual output module load imbalance: $\pm 5\%$;

^{2. *} Ripple & noise test uses twisted pair method, see design and application circuit reference for details.

General Specification				
Switching Frequency	Typical	450KHz (Typ.)		
Operating Temperature	Refer to Temperature Derating Curve	-40℃ ~ +85℃		
Storage Temperature	-	-55℃ ~ +125℃		
Max Case Temperature	Within Temperature Derating Curve	+105°C		
Relative Humidity	No condensing	5%~95%		
Case Material		Black flame-retardant and heat-resistant plastic (UL94-V0)		
Pin resistance soldering temperature	The distance between the soldering point and the shell is 1.5mm, 10 seconds	300°C MAX		
Isolation Voltage	Input to Output	3000Vdc ≤ 0.5mA / 1min		
MTBF	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C	2X10⁵Hrs		
Product Weight		4.5g (Typ.)		
	Single-tube (225*20.5*12.5mm)	9PCS		
Packing Method	Single box (245*155*85mm)	432PCS (Total 48 tubes)		





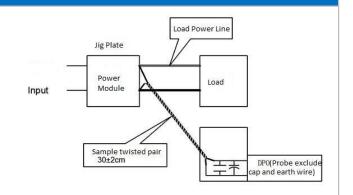
Pin out Specifications

Single	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	GND	+Vin	Ctrl	NP	NC	+Vo	0V	CS
Dual	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	GND	+Vin	Ctrl	NP	NC	+Vo	0V	-Vo

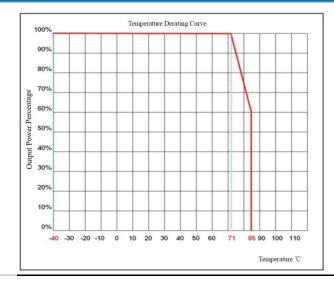
Note: If the pin definitions of the power module are inconsistent with those in the selection manual, the markings on the actual label shall prevail.

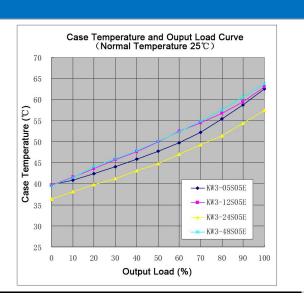
Ripple& Noise Test: (Twisted Pair Test Method 20MHz bandwidth)

- 1.12# twisted pair to connect, Oscilloscope bandwidth set as 20MHz, 100M bandwidth probe, terminated with 0.1uF polypropylene capacitor and 10uF high frequency low resistance electrolytic capacitor in parallel, oscilloscope set as Sample pattern.
- 2. Output Ripple& Noise Test Method:
 Input terminal connect to power supply, output terminal connect to
 electronic load through jig plate, Use 30cm±2 cm sampling line,
 Power line selected from corresponding diameter wire with
 insulation according to the flow of output current.



Product characteristic curve







Design reference application

①CS terminal

This terminal provides a connection point for connecting the main filter capacitor inside the output end of the DC/DC converter (connected to the positive electrode of the capacitor). By connecting a low ESR capacitor between this terminal and the 7th pin terminal (connected to the negative electrode of the capacitor), the output ripple and noise can be further improved (generally CS < 47uF).

20 Output load requirements

- a. In order to ensure that the power module can work efficiently and reliably, it is recommended that its minimum load should not be less than 10% of the rated resistive load; if the power you need is indeed small, please connect a resistor equivalent to 10% of the rated load in parallel at the output end. If using a product with positive and negative outputs, try not to have a large imbalance in the load of the two channels, otherwise the original output voltage accuracy cannot be guaranteed.
- b. The maximum capacitive load of the product is obtained from the nominal full load test; if it needs to be used under no-load conditions, the capacitive load at the output end must be reduced as much as possible or a resistor equivalent to 10% of the rated load must be connected in parallel at the output end, otherwise the output voltage may be unstable or even exceed the original output voltage accuracy range.

③Recommended circuit

DC/DC test circuit: If you need to further reduce the input and output ripple, the capacitance of the external capacitor can be appropriately increased, but the maximum capacitance of the filter capacitor must be less than the maximum capacitive load, otherwise it will easily cause difficulty in starting the power module.

General recommendation:

Ci: 100uF (5V&12V) / 10uF (24V&48V)

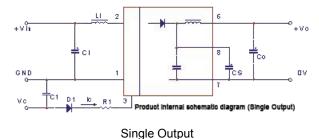
Li: 4.7uH~120uH

CS: 10uF~22uF

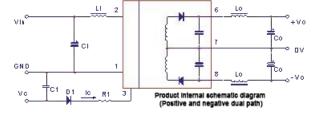
Co: 100uF (Typ.)

Lo: 2.2uH~10uH

C1: 47nF/100V



Recommended Circuit 1& 2



Positive and negative dual output

4CTRL terminal

When it is suspended or high impedance, the module outputs normally; when it is connected to a high level (relative to the input ground), the module is shut down.

Note: The current flowing into this pin should be 5-10mA. If the current exceeds its maximum value (generally 20mA), it will cause permanent damage to the module. The R value can be calculated according to the following formula:

$$R = \frac{Vc - Vd - 0.7}{Ic} - 330 \text{ (see Recommended Circuit 1\& 2)}$$

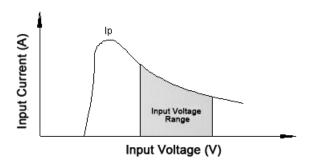
Where Vc is the input voltage of the Ctrl pin, Vd is the forward voltage drop of D1, 0.7V and 330Ω are the voltage drop of the module transistor and the internal connection resistance of the control pin input terminal respectively, and Ic is the current flowing into the control terminal.



⑤ Input current

When using an unstable power supply, please ensure that the output voltage fluctuation range and ripple voltage of the power supply do not exceed the module's own specifications. The output current of the input power supply must be sufficient to cope with the instantaneous startup current Ip of the DC/DC module (see the figure below).

General: $Ip \le 1.4 * Iin_{max}$



Note:

- 1. This product cannot be used in parallel and does not support hot swapping;
- 2. All indicator test methods in this article are based on our company's corporate standards;
- 3. Product specifications are subject to change without prior notice.